

Caroline Haslett Primary School - Geography

Spring Term

Year 2

Hot and cold areas of the world

Knowledge

The North Pole is the northernmost point on Earth.

The South Pole is the southernmost point on Earth.

The equator is an equal distance from the North and South Poles.

The closer an area is to the equator, the hotter the weather is.

The further away an area is from the equator, the colder the weather is.

Activities

- Use a globe and world map to identify the equator.
- Use a globe and world map to identify the North and South Poles.
- Research the effects of floods and drought.

Skills

- Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.

Vocabulary

- **Climate** - the average weather of a particular place or region over a period of years.
- **Drought** - a long period of dry weather.
- **Equator** - an imaginary line that divides the Earth in half.
- **Flood** - a great flow of water that rises and spreads over the land.

